

## WDPA Data Status Report

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# Pakistan

January 2021

### About this Report and the World Database on Protected Areas (WDPA)

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The WDPA is the most comprehensive global dataset on terrestrial and marine protected areas, incorporating the official UN List of Protected Areas. The WDPA dataset is not necessarily a complete representation of all the protected areas which have been designated in country. The quality of the WDPA depends on the accessibility of accurate, comprehensive, up-to-date protected areas information from data holders.

This report describes the current status of data in the WDPA for all sites included in the January 2021 monthly release for Pakistan. The WDPA is updated each month, and the information in this factsheet may have been superseded by a more recent update.

You can also view the latest data at the country/territory level on the relevant Protected Planet page:

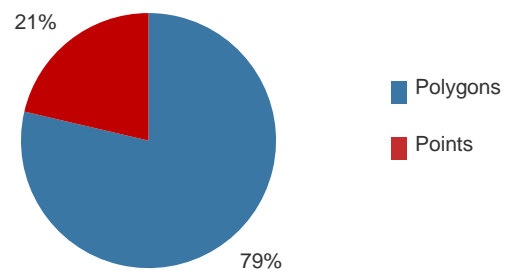
<https://www.protectedplanet.net/country/PAK>

## Protected areas data in the WDPA for Pakistan

There are 178 protected area records stored in the WDPA for Pakistan, 158 are national-level protected areas with 20 designated under international and regional agreements or conventions.

A breakdown of the protected areas data by point and polygon format is provided in Figure 1. Polygon data have associated boundaries, whereas point data provide a single latitude and longitude for the protected area.

Figure 1: Ratio of points to polygons



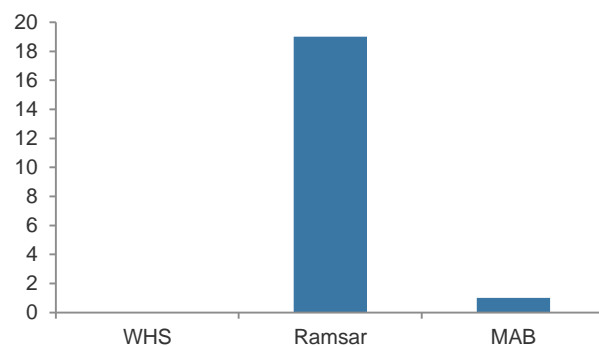
Of the 178 protected areas, 7 (4%) include a marine component. These protected areas are completely within the marine environment.

### Data for protected areas designated under international and regional conventions and agreements

Of the 20 protected area records in the WDPA for Pakistan that are designated under international or regional conventions or agreements:

19 are Ramsar Wetlands of International Importance; 1 is a UNESCO Man and the Biosphere Reserve (MAB). See Figure 2.

Figure 2: Number of WHS, Ramsar and MAB sites

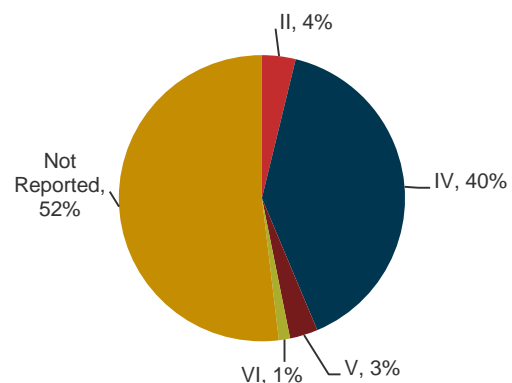


### Data for national-level protected areas

Of the 158 national-level protected area records in the WDPA for Pakistan, IUCN Management Categories have been reported for 76 records. The remaining 82 features are recorded as Not Reported.

Figure 3 shows the allocation of IUCN Management Categories across national-level protected area records in the WDPA (numbers of sites in each category are shown in Table 2 at the end of this report).

Figure 3: National-level protected areas by IUCN Management Category



## Completeness of WDPA Data Attributes for Pakistan

The WDPA requires that a minimum set of information is provided with each protected area record. These data attributes are defined in the WDPA User Manual.

Table 1 shows the extent to which key attributes have been reported by data providers for all protected area records in the WDPA for Pakistan.

Table 1: Completeness of selected attributes

Attribute	Completeness
IUCN Category	43%
Status (designated or proposed)	99%
Status Year	93%
Governance Type	
Management Authority	
Link to Management Plan	11%

The WDPA User Manual 1.6 can be viewed at [http://wcmc.io/WDPA\\_Manual](http://wcmc.io/WDPA_Manual).

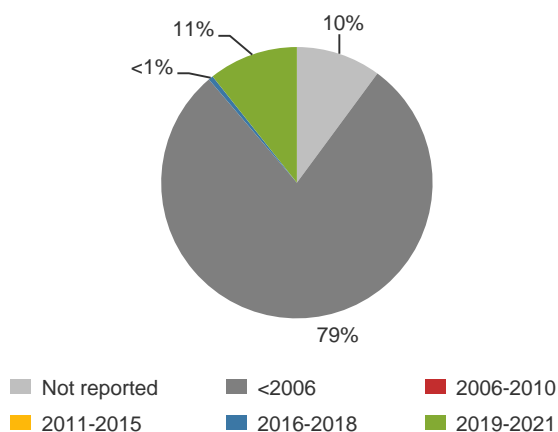
## Data sources in the WDPA for Pakistan

Data for Pakistan in the WDPA have been obtained or validated from 3 sources.

Figure 4 shows the breakdown of when protected area records in the WDPA were last updated or validated.

Data for protected areas designated under international agreements and conventions have been sourced from the relevant convention secretariat. This includes: UNESCO World Heritage Centre, Ramsar Convention Secretariat and UNESCO Man and The Biosphere Programme.

Figure 4: Percentage of records updated or validated by year



Data for national-level protected areas in the WDPA have been sourced from national authorities wherever possible. Information may also be supplemented by data from other agencies or organisations working in each country. As part of the update process for national data, national authorities are given the opportunity to review, validate and, where necessary, edit all existing WDPA records for their country. All updates to the WDPA by national authorities take priority over other sources and are considered to be the authoritative version.

There are 20 records for Pakistan in the WDPA with no reported source.

The three sources for national-level data in Pakistan are: The Asian Bureau for Conservation (ABC); Pakistan - National Council for Conservation of Wildlife, Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Cooperatives; Conservation International, Washington, USA.

**Table 2: WDPA Data for Pakistan (as of January 2021)**

For more information on the categories below please refer to the Biodiversity A-Z, [www.biodiversitya-z.org](http://www.biodiversitya-z.org)

	Polygons	Points	Total
<b>Realm: terrestrial or marine</b>			
Terrestrial	137	31	168
Coastal	3		3
Marine		7	7
<b>Status: designated or proposed</b>			
Designated	139	32	171
Established			
Proposed		5	5
Status not reported	1	1	2
<b>Areas designated under international conventions and agreements</b>			
UNESCO World Heritage Sites (natural / mixed)			
Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar sites)	6	13	19
UNESCO Man and Biosphere Reserves		1	1
<b>Areas designated under regional conventions and agreements</b>			
Baltic Sea Protected Area (HELCOM)			
Marine Protected Area (CCAMLR)			
Marine Protected Area (OSPAR)			
Site of Community Importance (Habitats Directive)			
Special Protection Area (Birds Directive)			
Specially Protected Area (Cartagena Convention)			
Specially Protected Area of Mediterranean Importance (Barcelona Conv.)			
<b>National-level Protected Areas: IUCN Management Category</b>			
Ia: Strict Nature Reserve			
Ib: Wilderness Area			
II: National Park	6		6
III: National Monument or Feature			
IV: Habitat/ Species Management Area	49	14	63
V: Protected Landscape / Seascape	5		5
VI: Protected Area with Sustainable Use of Natural Resources	2		2
Not Assigned			
Not Reported	72	10	82
<b>Total number of records in the WDPA for Pakistan</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>178</b>

## WDPA Quality Indicators for Pakistan

### The percentage of records with boundaries in polygon format



The WDPA stores all records with spatial (location) data. These data can be polygons which represent the boundaries of the protected area, or a single latitude/longitude point which shows the general location of the protected area. This indicator shows the percentage of records with boundaries - the preferred spatial data.

### The percentage of data attributes which have been reported by the data provider



Each record in the WDPA has 25 fields for which data attributes are requested. This indicator shows the weighted percentage of data fields which have been reported, based on the minimum, core and complete attributes.

### The percentage of records updated or validated by the data provider in the last 5 years




UNEP-WCMC sets a target to update each record in the WDPA at least every five years. This indicator shows the percentage of records updated in the last 5 years (since January 2016).


### The percentage of records where the area of the polygon is within 5% of the area reported



The area (km<sup>2</sup>) reported for a protected area may sometimes differ from the calculated GIS area of the boundary polygon provided, possibly indicating a discrepancy within the information submitted. This indicator shows the percentage of records where the area of the polygon is within a threshold of 5% of the area reported. The threshold allows for differences due to projections and software used for calculating the GIS area.

 The possible range of scores for countries/territories in the WDPA

 Country score for Pakistan in January 2021 (solid circle) and March 2020 (dotted circle)

 Overall score for the WDPA

The UN Environment Programme World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC) is a global Centre of excellence on biodiversity. The Centre operates as a collaboration between the UN Environment Programme and the UK-registered charity WCMC. Together we are confronting the global crisis facing nature.

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